

Heterogeneous Modeling and Design

- Edward A. Lee (PI) -



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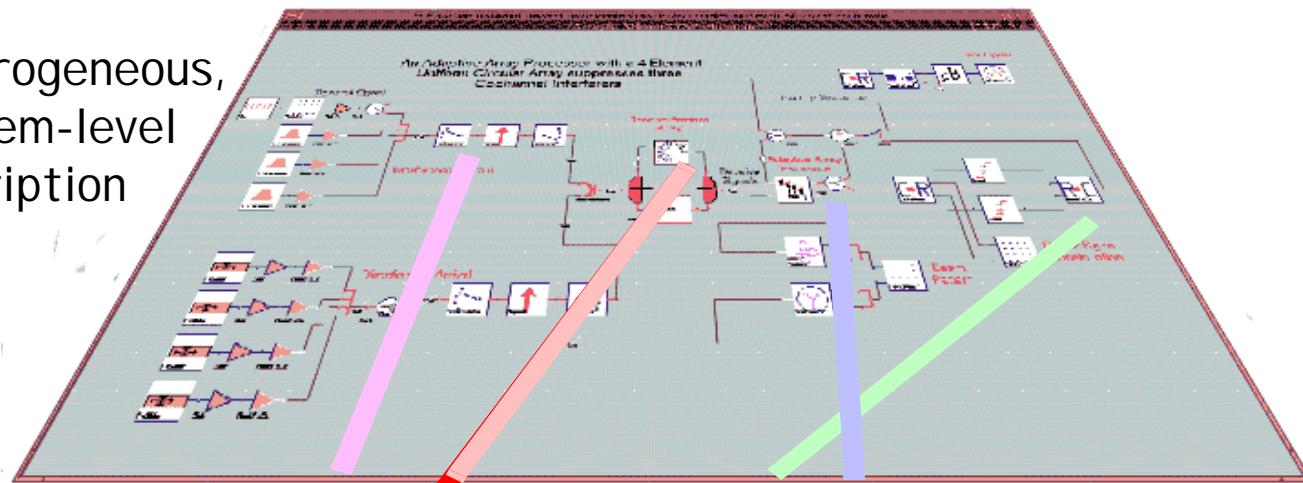
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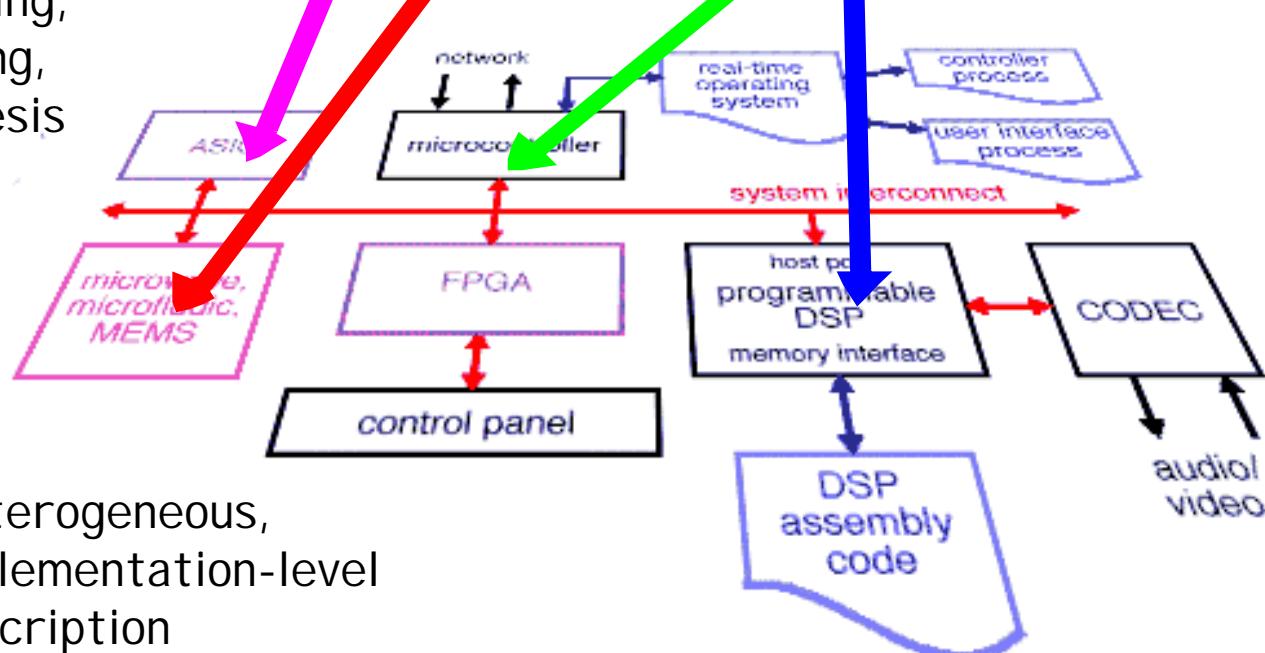
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Heterogeneous,
problem-level
description



Modeling,
mapping,
synthesis

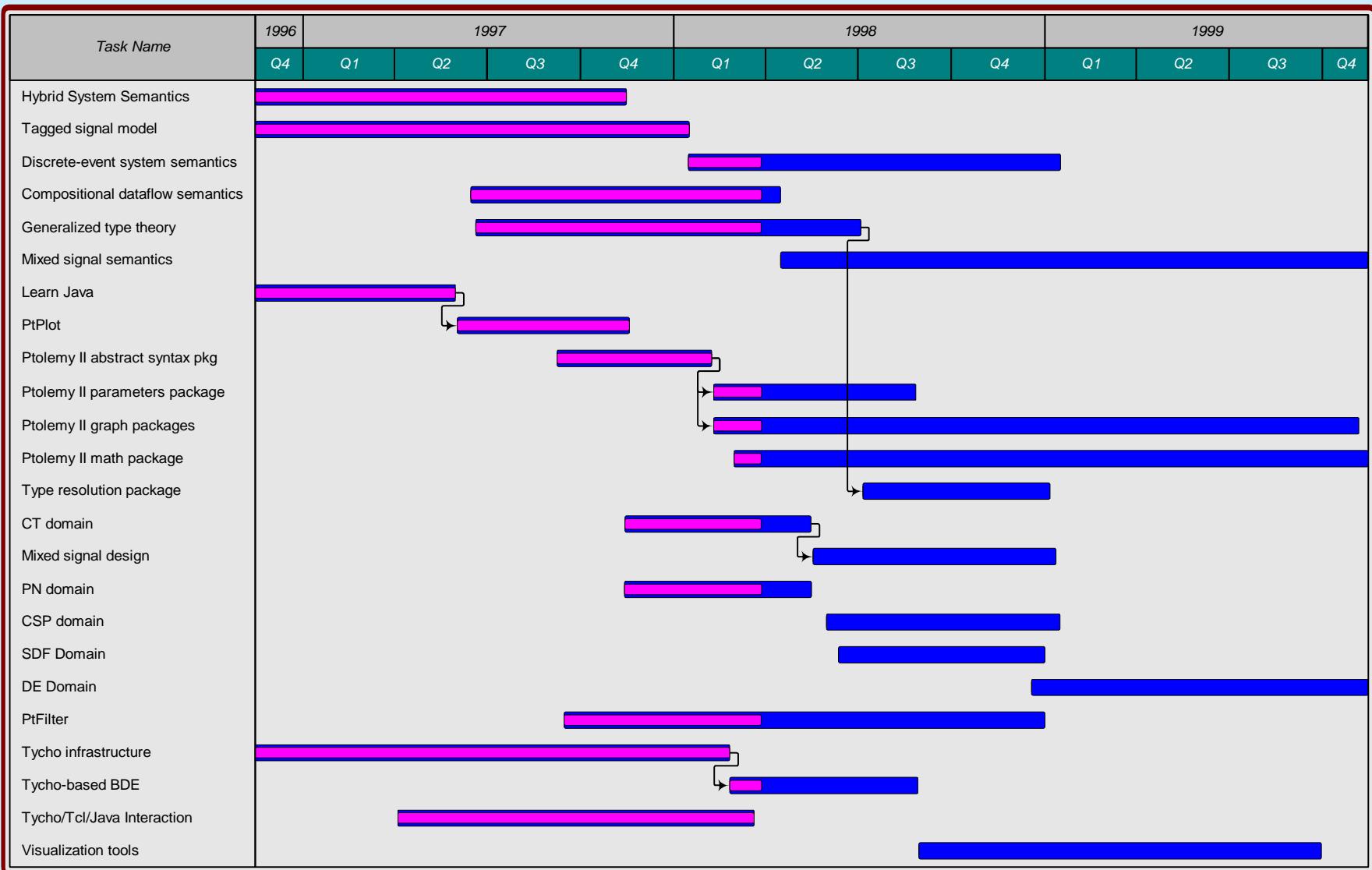


Heterogeneous,
implementation-level
description

Approach

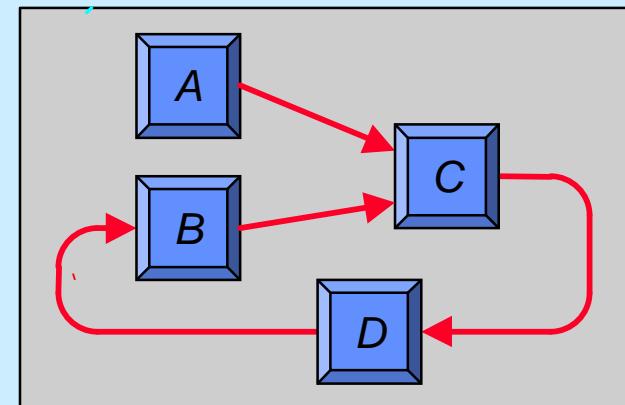
- Theory and techniques for mixing diverse models of computation, e.g. mixed signal, hybrid systems, discrete and continuous events.
- Software architecture for modular, distributed, and heterogeneous design, modeling and visualization tools.
- Theory and software for domain-specific modeling of composite concurrent systems.
- Use of programming language concepts (semantics, type theories, and concurrency theories) for modeling and design of composite systems.
- Emphasis on visual representations.

Schedule



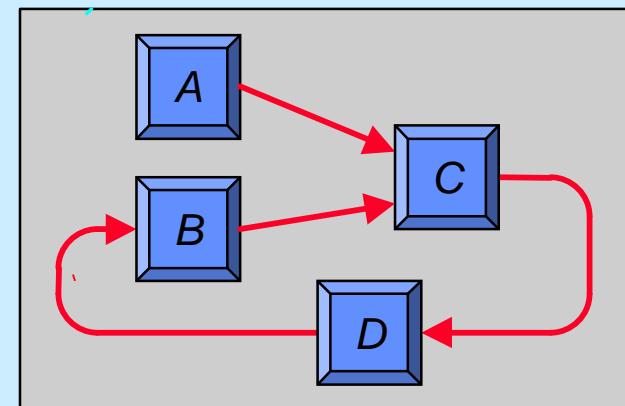
Models of Computation

- Analog computers (differential equations)
- Discrete time (difference equations)
- Discrete-event systems
- Synchronous-reactive systems
- Sequential processes with rendezvous
- Process networks
- Dataflow
- Finite state machines



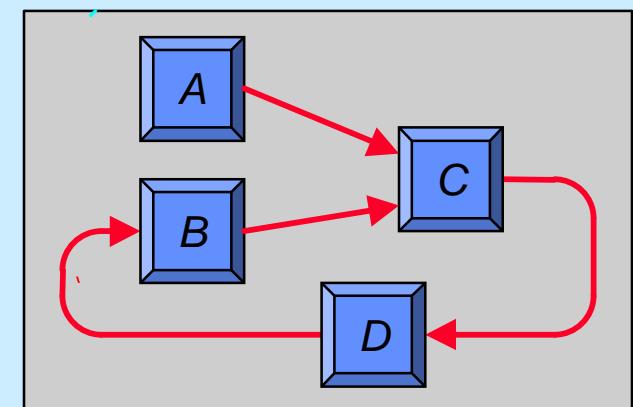
Shared Properties

- Strengths and weaknesses (no silver bullet)
- Domain-specific
- Modular
- Amenable to visual syntaxes
- Hierarchical
- Concurrent (except FSMs)
- Abstract



Issues Being Addressed

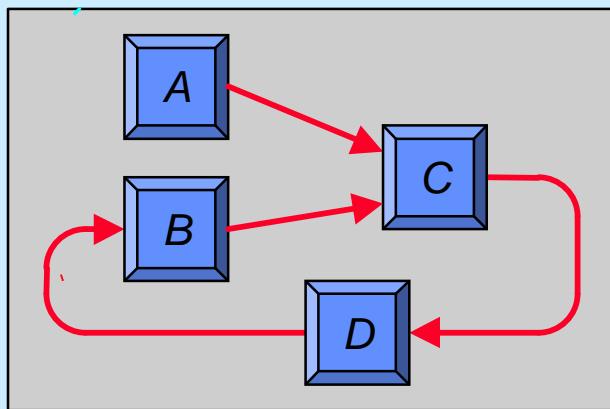
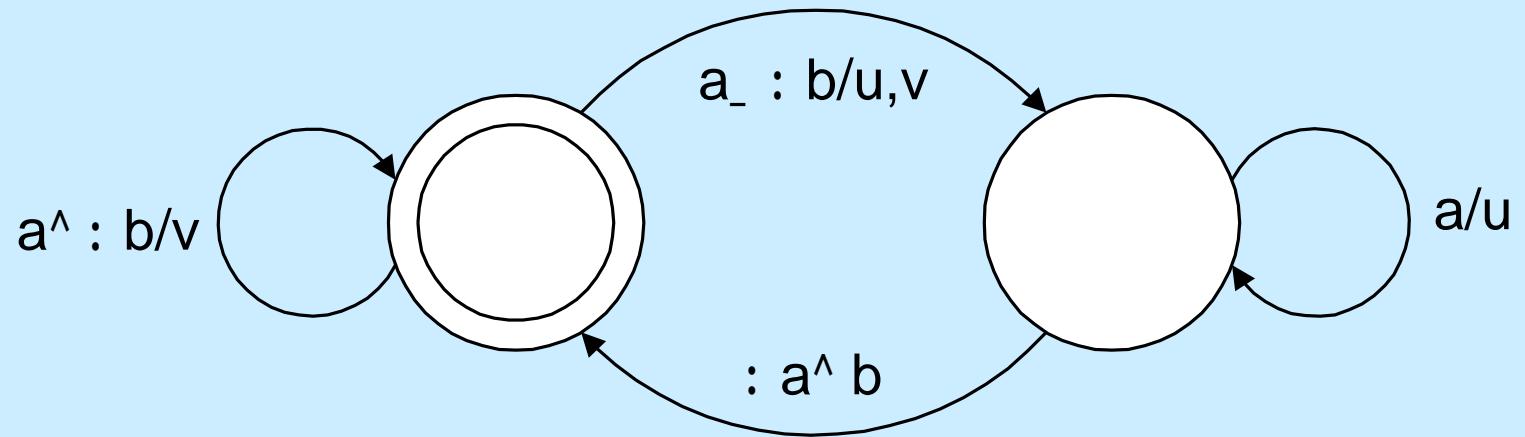
- Semantics (what is a behavior)
- Determinacy (how many behaviors are there)
- Simulation (finding a behavior)
- Analysis (finding properties of behaviors)
- Compositionality (encapsulating subsystems)
- Synthesis (translation to implementation)
- Design (choosing implementations)
- Heterogeneity



Examples Requiring Heterogeneity

- MEMS device with a discrete controller (differential equations plus discrete-event models)
- Modal models, with regimes of operation (differential equations plus finite-state machines)
- Mixed signal systems (differential equations plus discrete-time and/or discrete-event systems)
- Hardware/software systems (differential equations, discrete-events, discrete-time, finite-state machines, dataflow, rendezvous, process networks, ...)

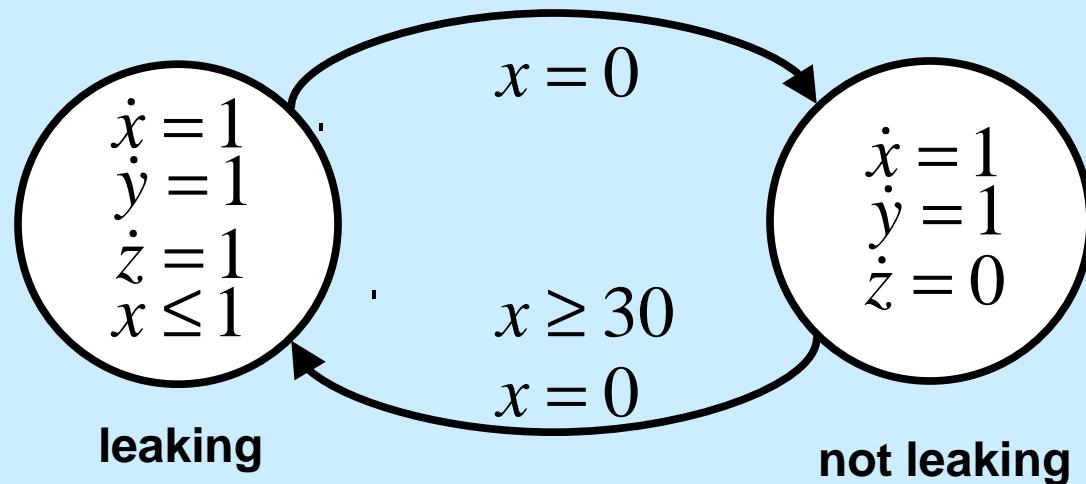
State Machines & Block Diagrams



Hybrid Systems

A discrete program combined with an analog system.
A combination of automata and analog computers.

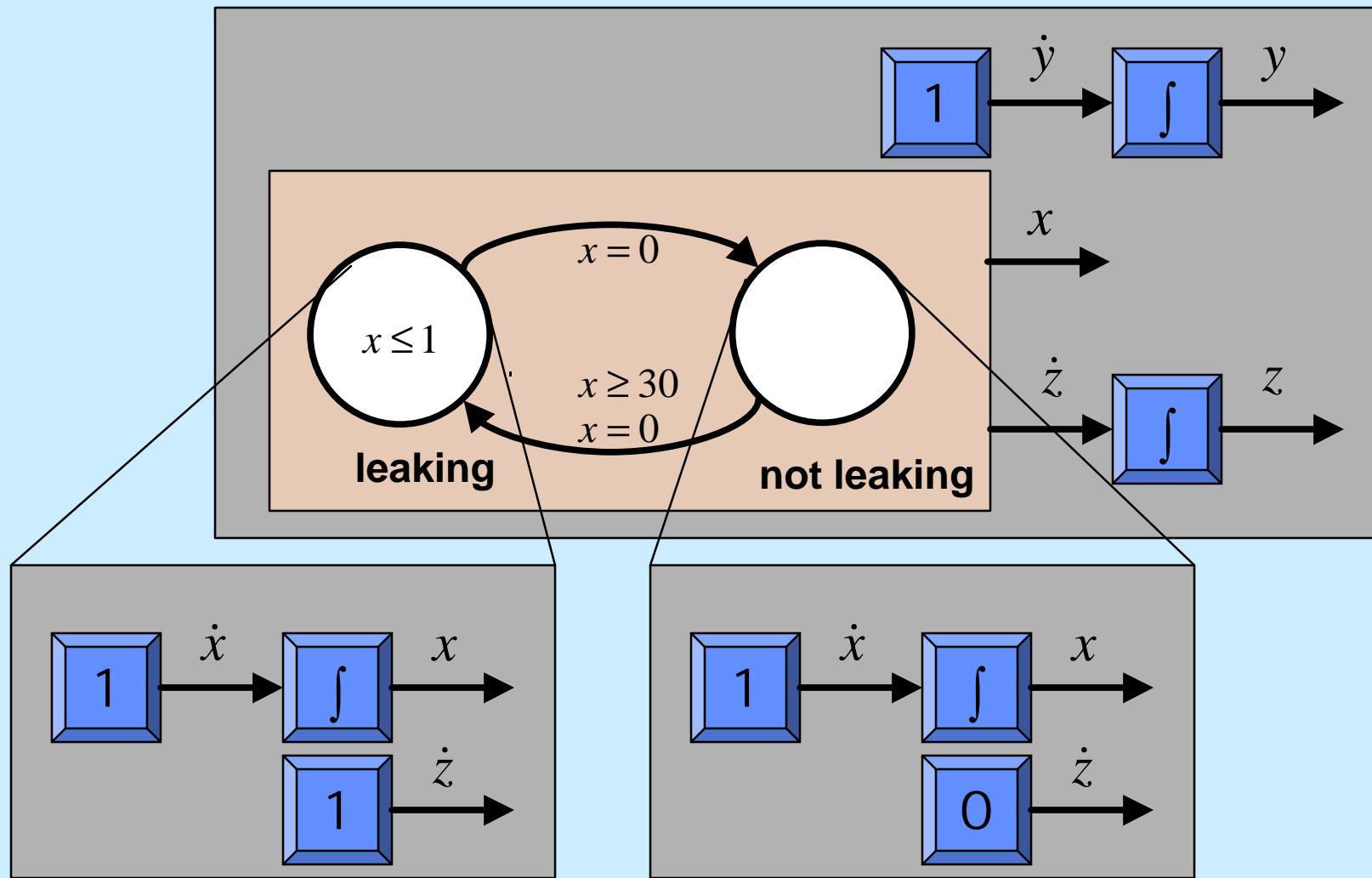
Traditional syntax (classic example: leaking gas burner):



Here, the differential equations hardly look like a concurrency model, but in fact they are.

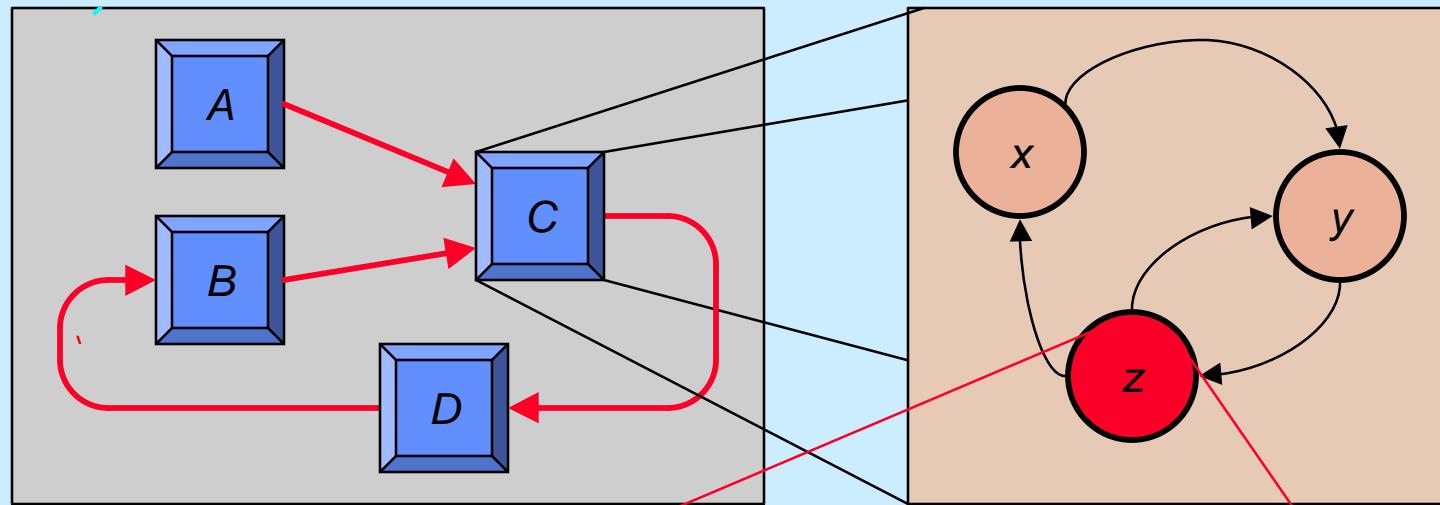
Alternative View of Hybrid Systems

Analog computers hierarchically combined with automata.
Classic example (leaking gas burner):

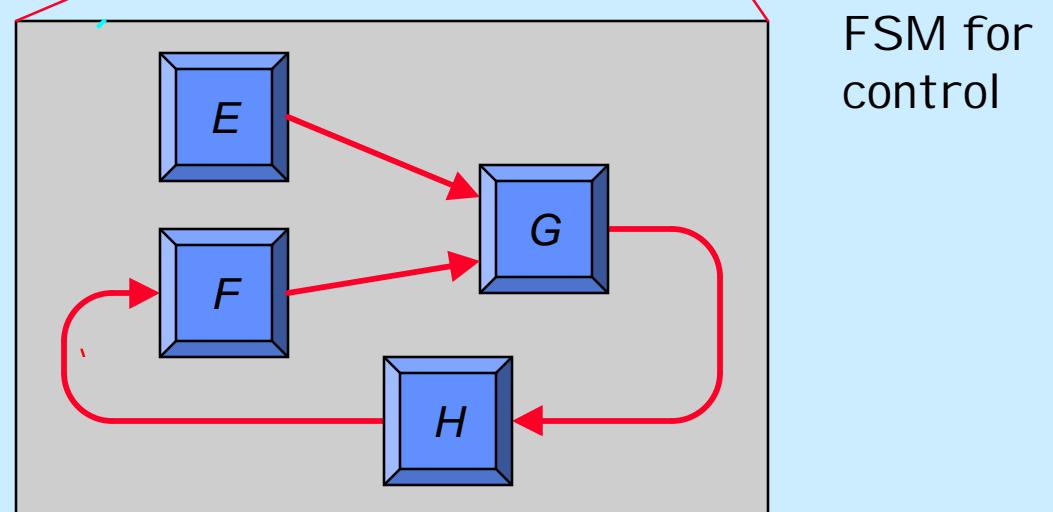


Generalized Hybrid Systems

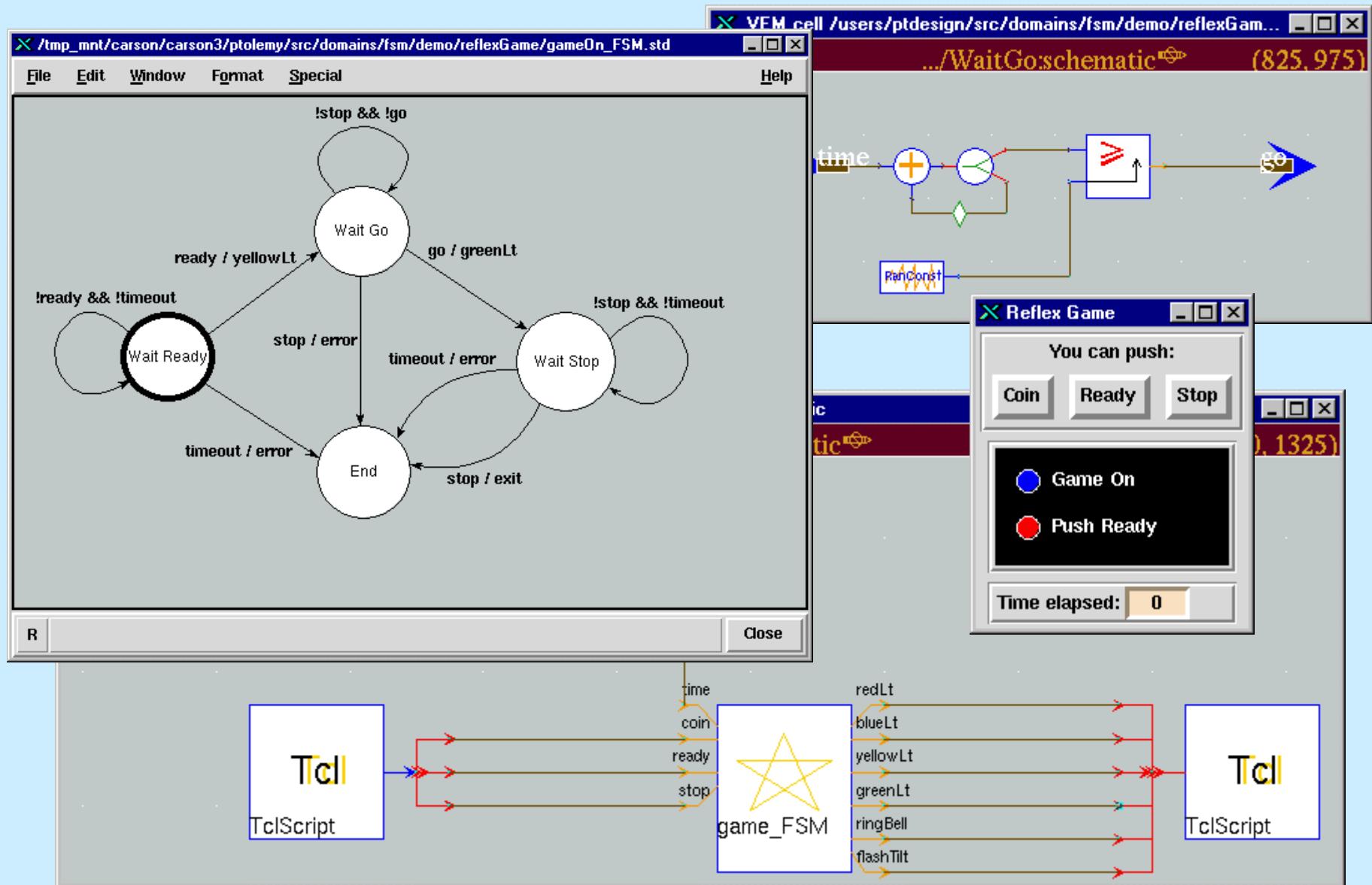
Choice of domain here determines concurrent semantics



We have formalized the semantics of FSMs combined with discrete-event, dataflow, and synchronous-reactive models.



Ptolemy 0.7 Prototype

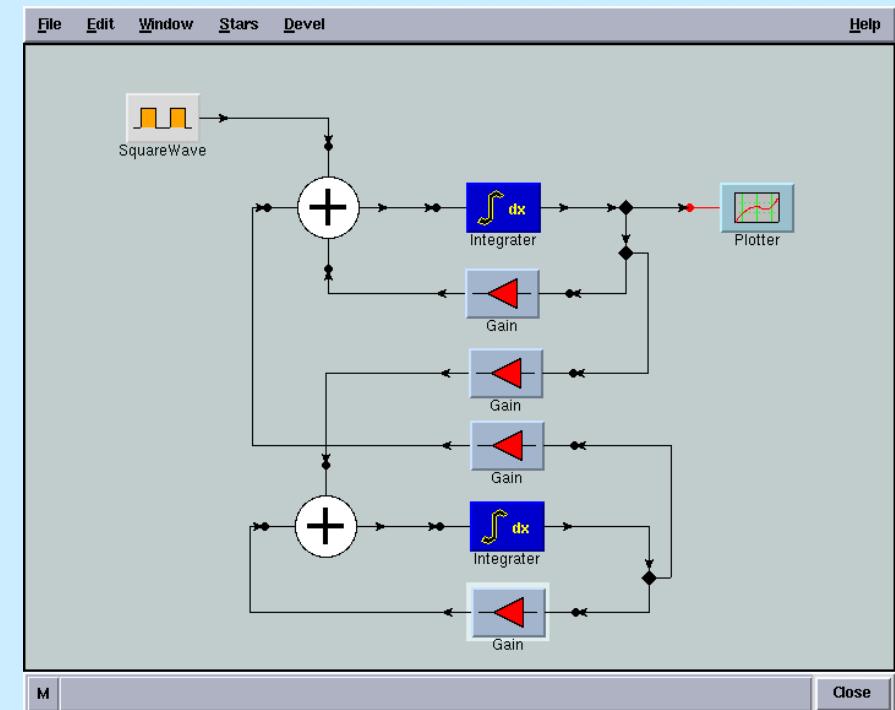


Ptolemy II Hybrid Systems

- CT domain: ODE solver in continuous time.
- Generalized wormhole mechanism.
- Emphasis on specification and simulation (not verification).
- Hierarchical visual specifications.
- Interactive, animated simulations.

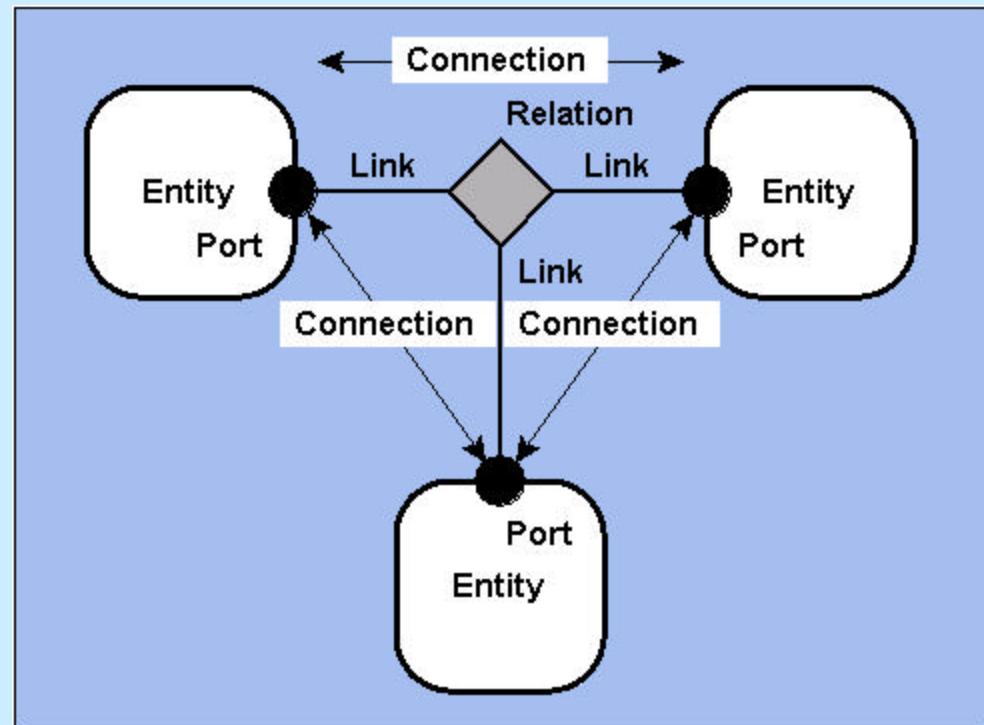
Continuous-Time Domain in Ptolemy II

- Support a variety of numerical methods for solving ordinary differential equations
 - Time marching, Waveform relaxation, Frequency domain methods, Monte-Carlo methods
- Mix with:
 - Dataflow
 - DE
 - FSM
- Applications:
 - Mixed signal design
 - MEMS
 - Hybrid systems

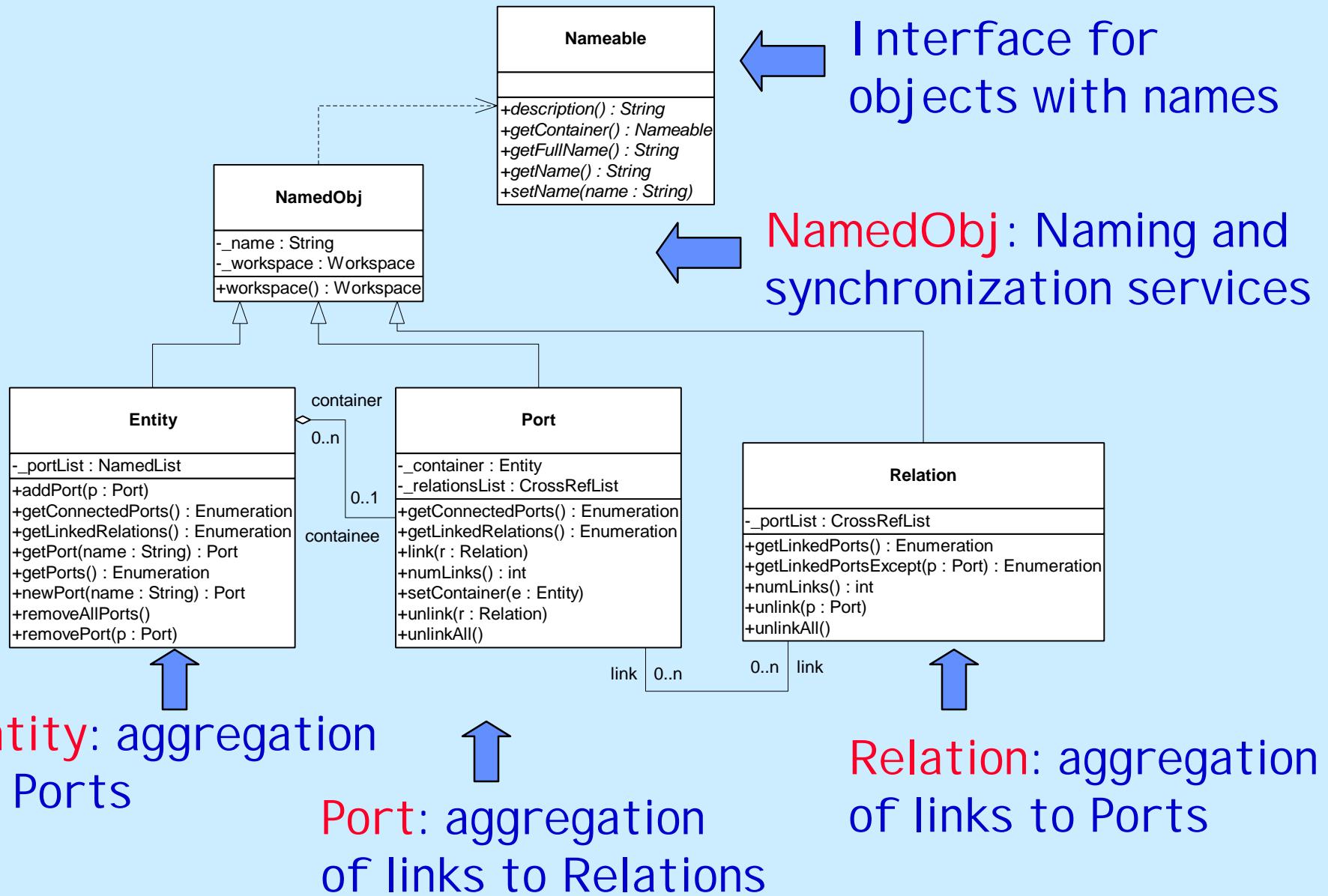


Ptolemy II Abstract Syntax

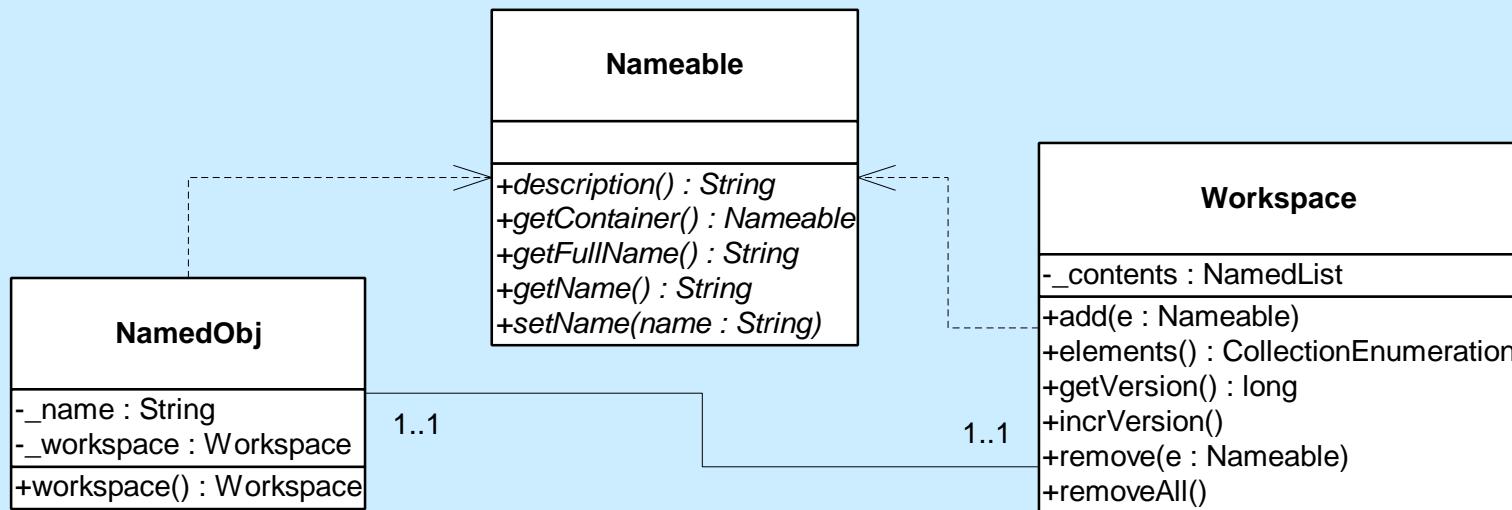
- Entity/Relation bipartite graphs
- Ports are named aggregations of links
- A topology is a linked collection of entities and relations



Flat Abstract Syntax Classes



Synchronization Services

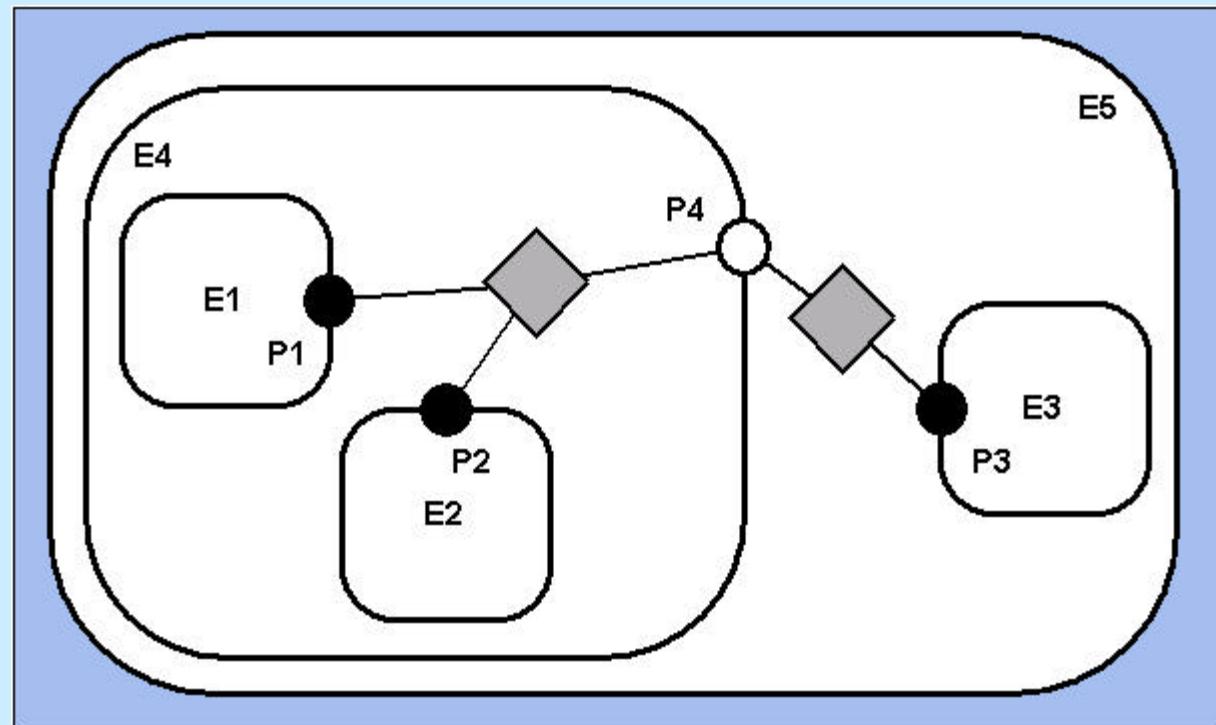


Every **NamedObj** has an immutable association with an instance of **Workspace**. A monitor on **Workspace** is used for thread synchronization, and the workspace tracks versions of a topology.

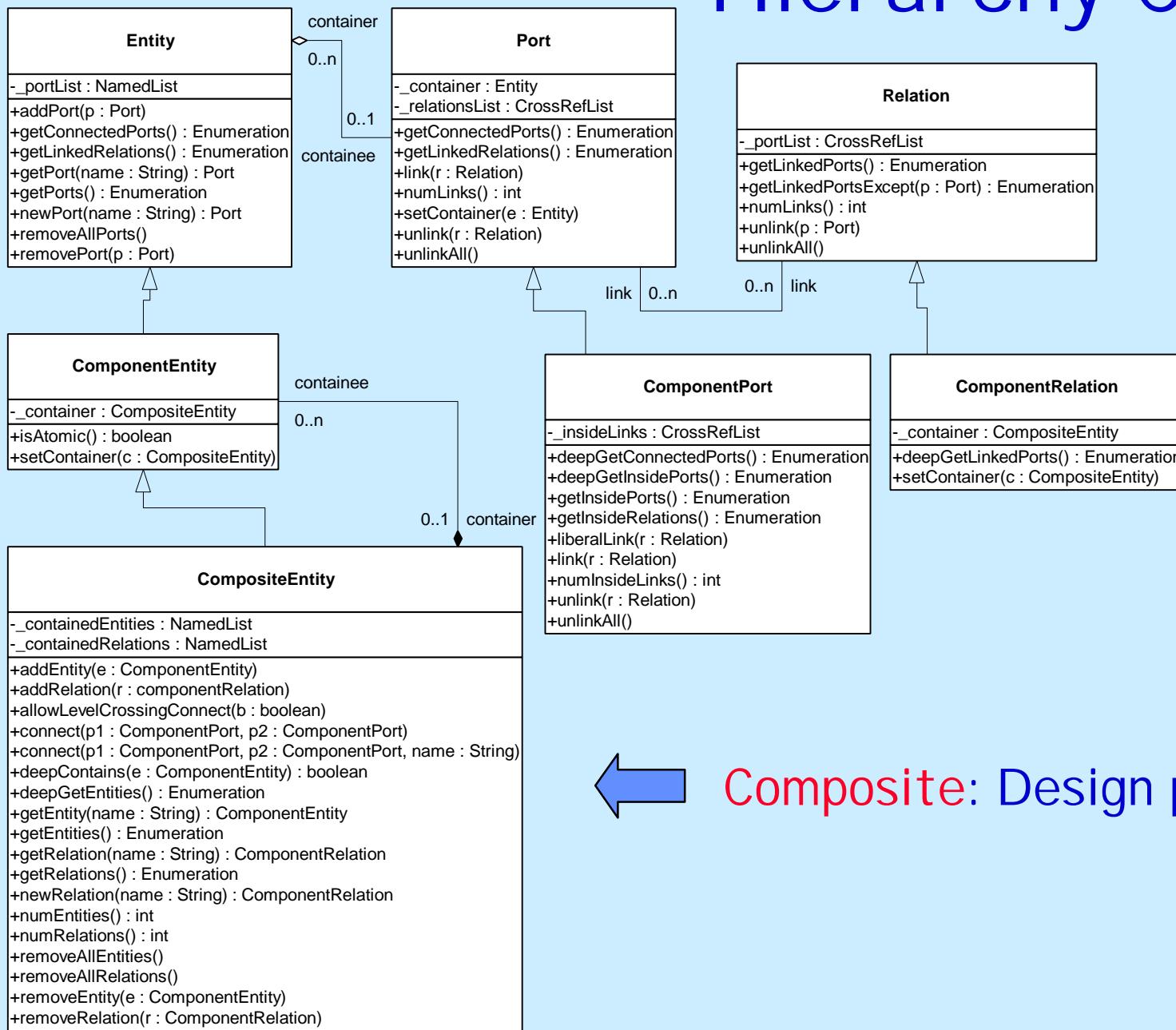
Hierarchy

- Transparent ports
- Transparent entities
- Managed containers

Every object has zero or one containers. If zero, then it is known to its workspace

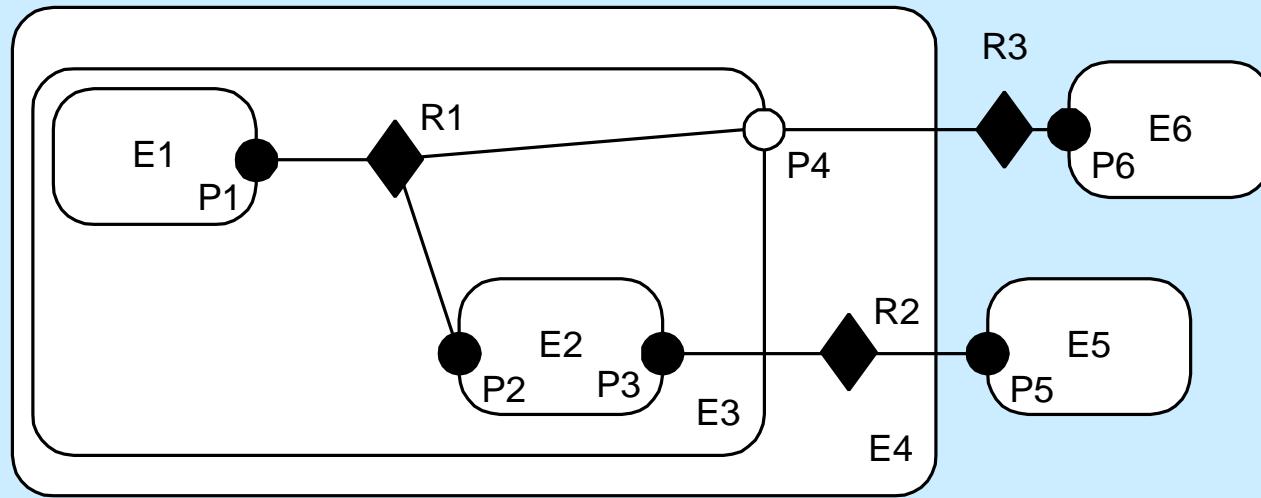


Hierarchy Classes



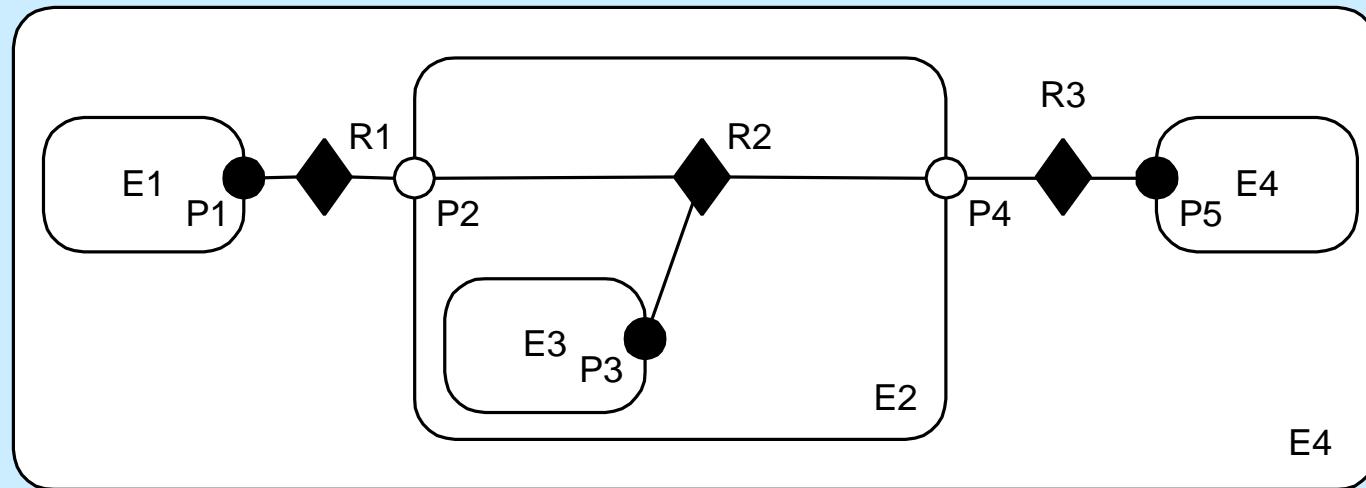
← Composite: Design pattern

Level-Crossing Links



These are supported, but discouraged.

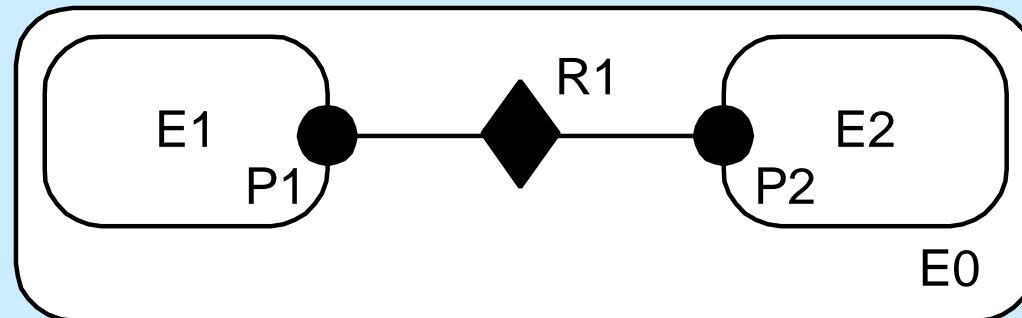
Transparent Entities



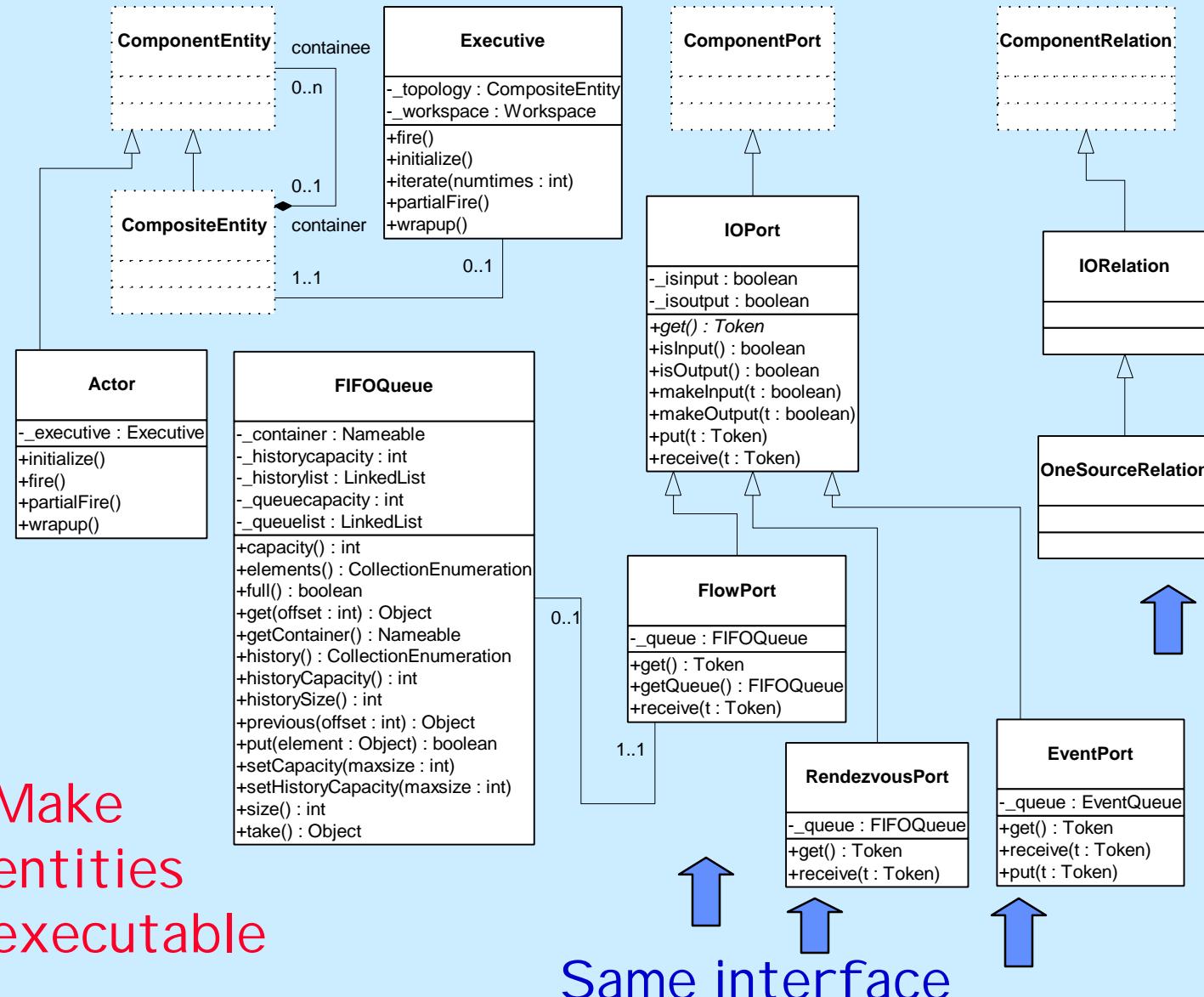
Modularity and compositionality require that relations be able to transparently span the hierarchy.

TclBlend Interface

```
set e0 [ java::new pt.kernel.CompositeEntity E0 ]
set e1 [ java::new pt.kernel.ComponentEntity E1 ]
set e2 [ java::new pt.kernel.ComponentEntity E2 ]
set p1 [$e1 newPort P1]
set p2 [$e1 newPort P2]
set r1 [$e0 connect $p1 $p2 R1]
```



The Actors Package

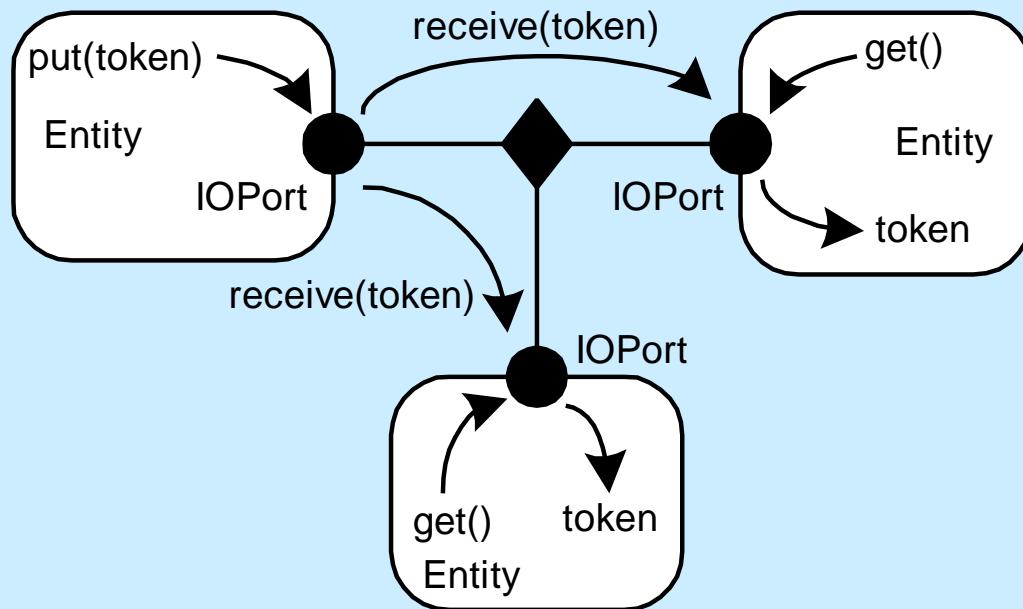


Phases of Execution

- Constructor
- Type resolution
- Setup invocation (when needed)
- Static scheduling (when needed)
- Execution (a series of *iterations*)
 - evaluation
 - update
- Wrapup

Parameters are set before type resolution or between iterations. They are observable and observers may trigger further action (such as recomputing the schedule).

Data Transfer



- Sender calls `put(token)`
- This calls `receive(token)` for each receiver
- Tokens are cloned automatically
- Receiver calls `get()`

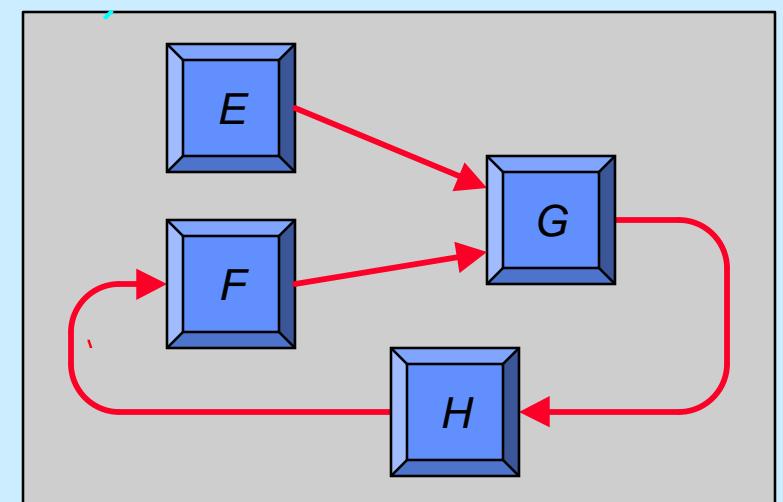
Synthesis

- Executive manages synthesis process (vs. simulation)
- Separate interface from implementation.
- Support migration from simulation to implementation.

Note: We have a subcontract from Lockheed-Sanders in the adaptive computing program to develop technology for FPGA synthesis.

Type System

- Two-levels of types:
 - data type of atomic exchanges
 - signal type governing the exchange protocol
- Type hierarchy:
 - a lattice
- Type specification:
 - a monotonic function on this lattice that refines the estimated types.
- Type resolution:
 - iterate to a fixed point.

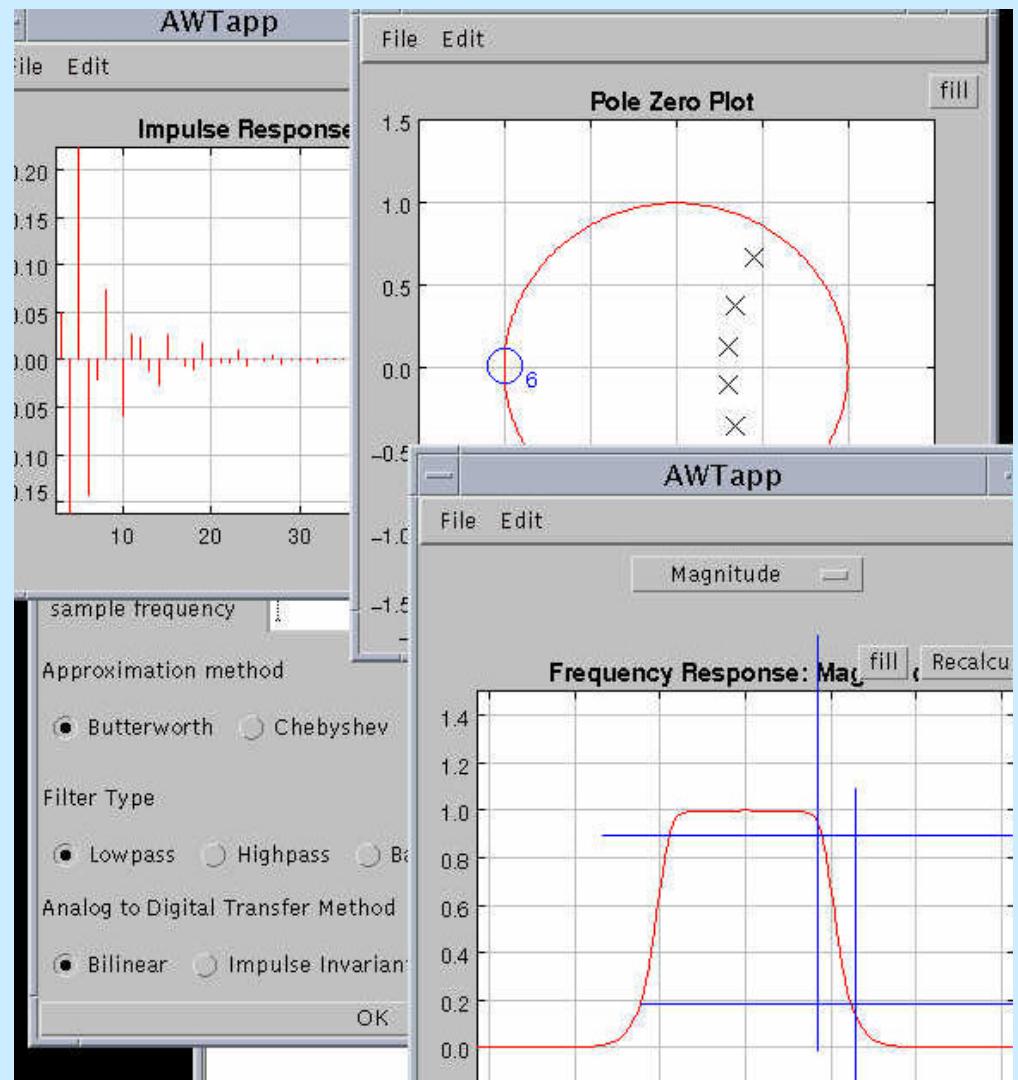


Additional Packages

- Token (carry data)
- Parameters (customize applications)
- Controllers (set parameters)
- Static graph package
- Dynamic graph package
- Math package

PtFilter

- Filter design tool.
- Highly interactive.
- Based on Ptplot.
- Model/view architecture.
- Uses math library.
- Designed to interface to Ptolemy filters.
- Web compatible.



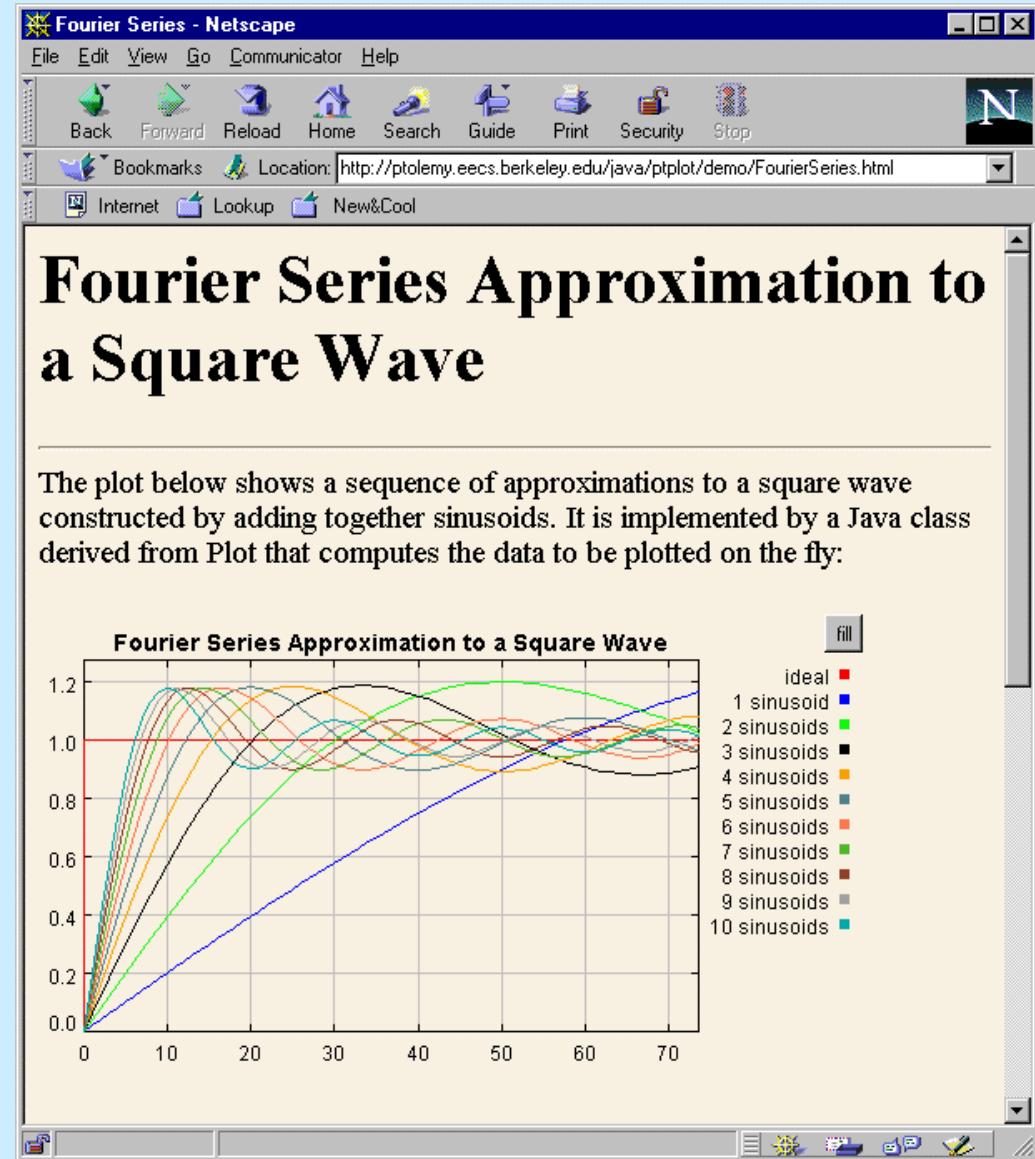
Modular Tools Architecture

- Use Java and Ltcl
- Split Ptolemy into Java packages
- Split Tycho into Ltcl packages
- Make everything network aware
- Use object modeling
- Use the model-view design pattern
- Use object-request broker technology
- Experiment with reflection, remote method invocation, etc.

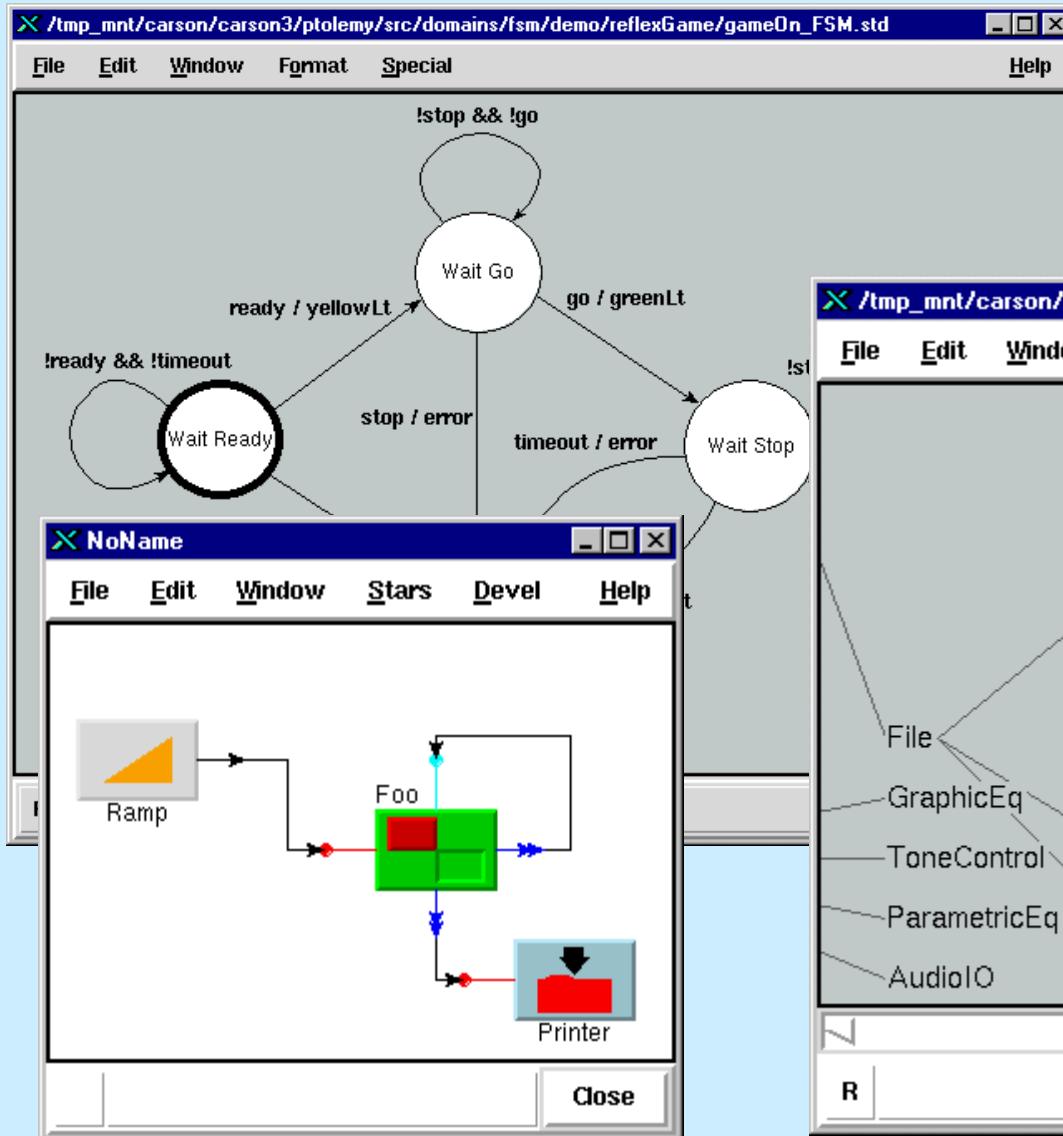
First Released Java Module

PtPlot is a Java package for interactive, animated signal plotting on the web.

We have used it to learn about Java applets as an interchange and modularization format, and will distribute Ptolemy modules similarly.



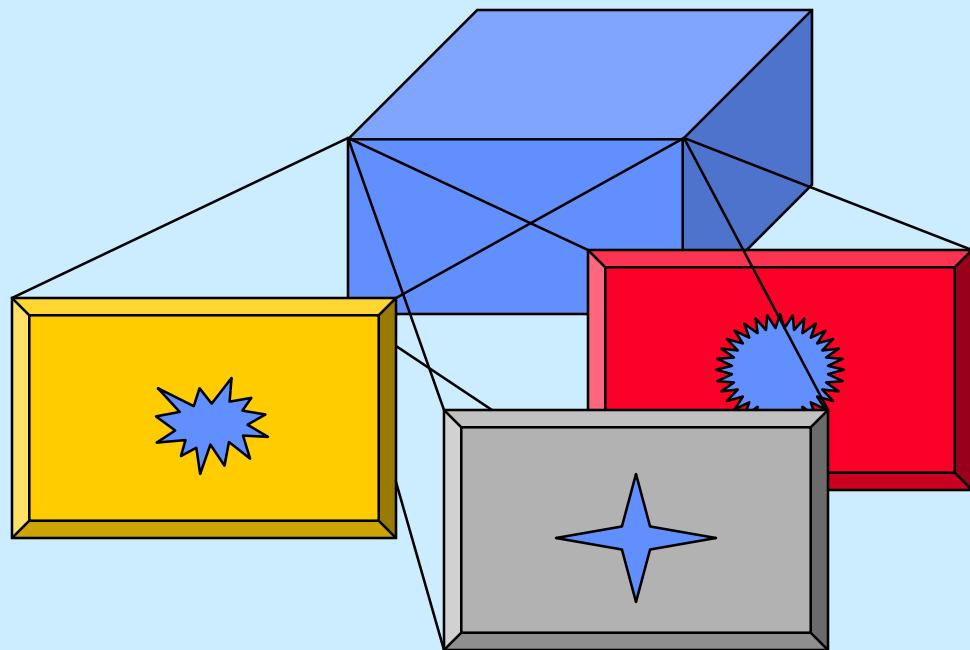
Tycho



Tycho is suite of Itcl classes for design representation, manipulation, and visualization.

Model/View Architecture

- Abstract data types
- Publish & subscribe



Software Engineering

- Code rating system: red, yellow, green, blue.
- Author/reviewer division of responsibilities.
- Automated test suites (scripted, in Tcl).
- Code coverage measurements.
- Integrated documentation.
- Tycho support.

The Ptolemy group has a tradition of emphasizing code and documentation quality.

Technology Transfer

- HP Ptolemy (in beta test now, release imminent): Supports mixed-signal modeling (DSP + RF).
- BNeD, in cooperation with HP: Design and simulation of optical communication systems based on Ptolemy.
- Cadence: SDF and DE technology in SPW 3.0 and higher.

Interoperability

- RMI and/or CORBA
- Java Beans and the Tcl Bean
- An open architecture
- Small, modular Java packages
- Well-defined semantics

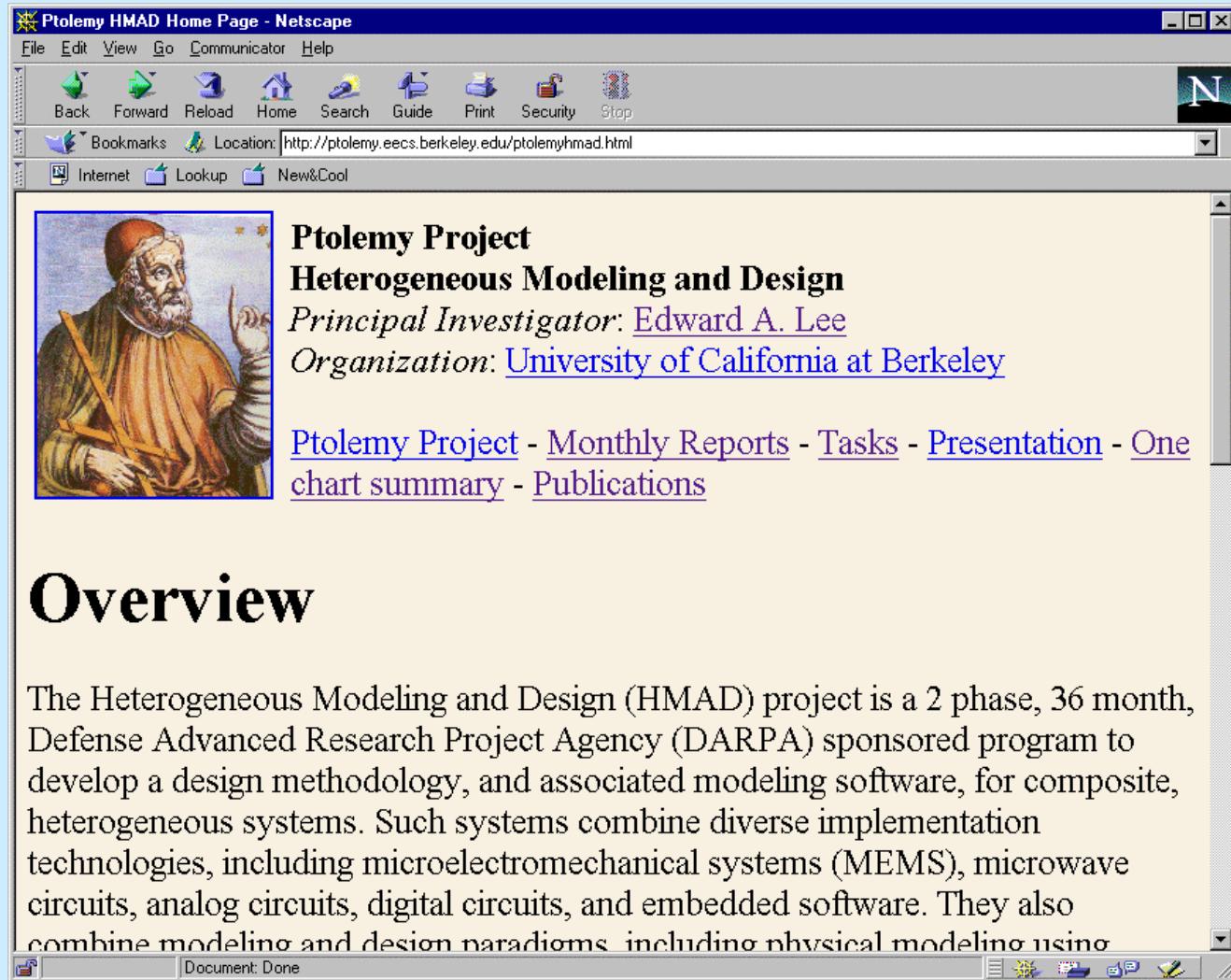
Major Accomplishments so Far

- Ptolemy II kernel, CT, and PN domains.
- Semantics for hierarchical interaction of finite-state controllers with several models of computation.
- Formal semantics for DE systems.
- Demonstration of a client-server, web-based mechanism supporting Ptolemy simulations.
- Construction of a network-integrated, scripted design management environment (Tycho).
- Design of an "information model" and an associated "model-view" software architecture (Tycho).
- Release on the net of our first Java module, a multipurpose signal plotter.
- Java/Tycho integration.
- A well-attended Ptolemy miniconference.

Actual Deliverables

- Reports
 - monthly reports
 - annual reports
- Software
 - Tycho 0.2 released (May, 1997)
 - PtPlot 0.1 released (October, 1997)
 - Ptolemy II Modules (June 1998 - December 1999)
 - Annual updates of Tycho (est. October, 1998, 1999)
- Papers
 - Reports, journal, and conference papers.

More Information



The screenshot shows a vintage-style Netscape browser window titled "Ptolemy HMAD Home Page - Netscape". The window has a toolbar with icons for Back, Forward, Reload, Home, Search, Guide, Print, Security, and Stop. The location bar shows the URL <http://ptolemy.eecs.berkeley.edu/ptolemyhmad.html>. Below the toolbar, there's a menu bar with File, Edit, View, Go, Communicator, and Help. A sidebar on the left contains links for Internet, Lookup, and New&Cool. The main content area features a portrait of Ptolemy on the left and text on the right. The text includes:

Ptolemy Project
Heterogeneous Modeling and Design
Principal Investigator: [Edward A. Lee](#)
Organization: [University of California at Berkeley](#)

[Ptolemy Project](#) - [Monthly Reports](#) - [Tasks](#) - [Presentation](#) - [One chart summary](#) - [Publications](#)

Overview

The Heterogeneous Modeling and Design (HMAD) project is a 2 phase, 36 month, Defense Advanced Research Project Agency (DARPA) sponsored program to develop a design methodology, and associated modeling software, for composite, heterogeneous systems. Such systems combine diverse implementation technologies, including microelectromechanical systems (MEMS), microwave circuits, analog circuits, digital circuits, and embedded software. They also combine modeling and design paradigms, including physical modeling using

<http://ptolemy.eecs.berkeley.edu/ptolemyhmad.html>

Publications

- E. A. Lee, "Modeling Concurrent Real-Time Processes Using Discrete Events," Memorandum UCB/ERL M98/7 March 4th 1998, Electronics Research Laboratory, University of California, Berkeley, CA 94720.
- M. Goodwin, "Adaptive Signal Models: Theory, Algorithms, and Audio Applications," Ph.D. thesis, University of California, Berkeley, December 1997. Available as UCB/ERL M97/31.
- P. K. Murthy, and E. A. Lee, ``Two Cycle Related Problems for Regular Dataflow Graphs: Complexity and Heuristics,'' Memorandum UCB/ERL M97/76, Electronics Research Laboratory, University of California, Berkeley, CA 94720, October 1997.
- S. S. Bhattacharyya, P. K. Murthy, and E. A. Lee, ``Synthesis of Embedded Software from Synchronous Dataflow Specifications,'' Invited paper, to appear in J. of VLSI Signal Processing, 1998.
- A. Girault, B. Lee, and E. A. Lee, ``A Preliminary Study of Hierarchical Finite State Machines with Multiple Concurrency Models,'' Memorandum UCB/ERL M97/57, Electronics Research Laboratory, University of California, Berkeley, CA 94720, August 1997.

Publications (continued)

- S. Edwards, L. Lavagno, E. A. Lee, and A. Sangiovanni-Vincentelli, ``Design of Embedded Systems: Formal Models, Validation, and Synthesis,'' *Proceedings of the IEEE*, Vol. 85, No. 3, March 1997.
- S. A. Edwards, ``The Specification and Execution of Heterogeneous Synchronous Reactive Systems,'' *Ph.D. thesis, University of California, Berkeley, May 1997*. Available as UCB/ERL M97/31 .
- C. Hylands, E. A. Lee, and H. J. Reekie, ``The Tycho User Interface System,'' *to be presented at the 5th Annual Tcl/Tk Workshop '97, Boston, Massachusetts, July, 1997*.
- S. S. Bhattacharyya, P. K. Murthy, and E. A. Lee, ``Software Synthesis for Synchronous Dataflow,'' *International Conference on Application Specific Systems, Architectures, and Processors, July, 1997*, invited paper.
- W.-T. Chang, S.-H. Ha, and E. A. Lee, ``Heterogeneous Simulation -- Mixing Discrete-Event Models with Dataflow,'' *invited paper, Journal on VLSI Signal Processing, Vol. 13, No. 1, January 1997*.

Publications (continued)

- E. A. Lee and A. Sangiovanni-Vincentelli, ``A Denotational Framework for Comparing Models of Computation,'' ERL Memorandum UCB/ERL M97/11, University of California, Berkeley, CA 94720, January 30, 1997.
- P. K. Murthy, E. A. Lee, "Some cycle-related problems for regular dataflow graphs: complexity and heuristics," UCB/ERL Tech. Report, UCB/ERL M97/76, July 1997.
- S. Kim and E. A. Lee, ``An Infrastructure for Numeric Precision Control in the Ptolemy Environment'', Proceedings of the 40th Midwest Symposium on Circuits and Systems, August 3-6, 1997.
- Richard S. Stevens (Naval Research Laboratory), Marlene Wan, Peggy Laramie (UCB), Thomas M. Parks (MIT Lincoln Labs), and Edward A. Lee (UCB), "Implementation of Process Networks in Java," UCB/ERL Tech. Report, number pending, November 1997.

Publications (continued)

Under subcontract to UT Austin (Brian Evans):

- D. Arifler, C. Duong, B. L. Evans, S. K. Marwat, C. M. Moy, and A. Yuan, ``A Configurable, Portable, Extensible Framework for Web-Enabled Interactive Simulation of Software for Embedded Programmable Processors,'' submitted.
- A. K. Kulkarni, A. Dube, and B. L. Evans, ``Benchmarking Code Generation Methodologies for Programmable Digital Signal Processors,'' submitted.
- B. Lu, B. L. Evans, and D. V. Tasic, ``Simulation and Synthesis of Artificial Neural Networks Using Dataflow Models in Ptolemy,'' Invited Paper, Proc. IEEE Conf. on Neural Network Applications in Engineering, Sep. 8-9, 1997.